



Journal Homepage: - www.journalijar.com
INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF ADVANCED RESEARCH (IJAR)

Article DOI: 10.21474/IJAR01/4650
DOI URL: <http://dx.doi.org/10.21474/IJAR01/4650>



RESEARCH ARTICLE

PRINCIPAL COMPONENT ANALYSIS AS A RANKING TOOL - A CASE OF WORLD UNIVERSITIES.

Simbarashe Muzamhindo, Yusheng Kong and Takuriramunashe Famba.

Jiangsu University School of Finance and Economics No. 301 Xuefu Road, Zhenjiang 212013, P.R. China.

Manuscript Info

Manuscript History

Received: 19 April 2017

Final Accepted: 24 May 2017

Published: June 2017

Key words:-

Principal Component Analysis (PCA),
University Ranking, Quality of
University.

Abstract

The purpose of this paper is to demonstrate the application of Principal Component Analysis (PCA) as a ranking tool. Given the increasing international attention on education quality, ranking of universities has become an important indicator of institutional quality. Despite the increase in ranking methodologies over the years, concern still remains over the validity and reliability of the ranking tools and methodologies. The controversy surrounding methodologies and tools remains unresolved. To conduct this demonstration, first standardized QS variables were obtained. Second, PCA analysis was applied on the variables to obtain quality levels which then informed the ranks. We compare PCA ranks against QS ranks and the results reveal that different methodologies result in different ranks. Although based on same variables, but PCA attaches weights to variables not as pre-determined but as a result. By demonstrating application of Principal Component Analysis (PCA) as a ranking tool, this paper broadens the methodological scope as academics seek consensus on the best way to define and measure university quality, which translates to university ranks.

Copy Right, IJAR, 2017,. All rights reserved.

Introduction:-

The increasing global competition makes university ranking an important subject. Consequent of the competitive environment, there has been an increasing demand for information about the quality and effectiveness of institutions of learning (Coates, 2007). Quality has become a crucial element for various stakeholders, including students as they choose institutions for their future enrollments (Altbach, 2012, Hou et al., 2012). (Berbegal-Mirabent and Ribeiro-Soriano, 2015) affirms that assessing university quality has become a key issue among stakeholders. In assessing quality (Buela-Casal et al., 2007) emphasize the need for rigorous comparisons of global institutions. Hence we find that the quality of a university is often portrayed through its position when ranked against other universities (Shin, 2011). Whether a university is good or not, it is often depicted with respect to its position when ranked against other universities. Accordingly, certain variables become very important in determining a university's position when ranked against other universities. Such ranking enables universities to benchmark their performance against other universities thus allowing them to make strategic decisions which address the identified gaps hence in turn improve on their competitiveness.

Some university ranking procedures continue to face controversy and criticism (Coates, 2007, Shin et al., 2011, Shin, 2011). For example, in China, there has been regular ranking of universities, mainly spearheaded by Wu

Corresponding Author:-Simbarashe Muzamhindo.

Address:- Jiangsu University School of Finance and Economics No. 301 Xuefu Road, Zhenjiang 212013, P.R. China

Shulian. However, Wu Shulian ranking has suffered much criticism and controversies over the years. In 2009 the credibility of Wu Shulian came under the limelight following reports of fee-for-ranking scandals¹.

According to our knowledge, whilst there are several ranking methods in greater parts of the world (Coates, 2007), there seems to be little evidence to suggest the application of Principal Components Analysis (PCA) as a university ranking methodology. Therefore, this paper seeks to demonstrate the application of PCA as a ranking tool, in this case we rank world universities. Building upon variables and secondary data available from the QS World University Rankings (QSWUR), we demonstrate a PCA ranking process for universities in greater parts of the world. Our aim is not to disqualify QS world Rankings but to demonstrate the use of PCA as a ranking tool. We conclude by comparing our results with QS world rankings results.

Ranking of Universities.

As previously highlighted that rankings are useful tools for decision making by stakeholders (Altbach, 2012, Hou et al., 2012), this has seen the emergence of university ranking systems across different parts of the world. “A global educational phenomenon triggered the start of ranking systems’ development and their proliferation all around the world” (Lukman et al., 2010). Globally, there exists more than 30 national university rankings (Saisana et al., 2011). It should be noted that different procedures may produce different ranks for the same institution due to methodological differences (Alma et al., 2016). The methodological differences stem from selection of indicators, assigned weights, data collection and analytical methods. (Alma et al., 2016)

It remains a challenge to define quality because of the diverse and relative nature of most quality indicators. (Olcay and Bulu, 2016) argue that despite the challenge of defining quality, a ranking system provides a reflection of a university’s quality level in a measure that is often easy to understand by various stakeholders at different levels, hence the growing interest in rankings over the decades.

Whilst there has been an increase in the number of ranking procedures, (Huang, 2011) argues that data validity and reliability are indispensable for trustworthy rankings. In this paper, we use QS World University Ranking (QSWUR) variables. QSWUR is the first international rankings to be independently audited and approved by the IREG Observatory on Academic Rankings and Excellence making it one of the leading world university ranking institution. Drawing from QS World University ranking, we establish academic reputation, employer reputation, student-to-faculty ratio, citations per faculty, international faculty ratio and international student ratio as our variables of interest. These variables are explained in the following section.

Data Analysis:-

Variables:-

In this demonstration, we adopt the six performance indicator variables according to the QS World university rankings. According to QSWUR, these six performance variables cover the aspects of research, teaching, employability and internationalisation². The variables are explained below.

Academic Reputation:-This is measured through a global survey, in which academics identify institutions which they believe are currently conducting the best work within their respective academic fields. Regional weights are applied to counter any discrepancies in response rates. Higher values of academic reputation indicate better performance.

Employer reputation:-Just like academic reputation, employer reputation is also based on a global survey. Here, employers identify universities which they perceive to be producing the best graduates. Unique to QSWUR, this variable aims to provide the level to which universities are viewed in the job market as reputable. Higher values indicate better performance.

Student-to-faculty ratio:-This represents a measure of the number of academic staff employed relative to the number of students enrolled. This measure provides information on how a university is best equipped to provide small class sizes and a good level of individual supervision. Lower values indicate better performance.

¹<http://chinadigitaltimes.net/2009/05/universities-in-fee-for-ranking-scandal/>

²<http://www.topuniversities.com/qs-world-university-rankings/methodology>

Citations per faculty:-This variable measures a university's research impact by counting total citations in relation to the number of academic faculty members of the university. Scopus, a large database for citations and abstracts provides such citation counts. Higher values indicate better performance.

International faculty ratio:-This reflects an institution's success in attracting academics from other countries as a measure of internationalisation. Higher values indicate better performance.

International student ratio:-This reflects an institution's success in attracting academics from other countries as a measure of internationalisation. Higher values indicate better performance.

In this demonstration, we use the above collection of variables to reflect university performance and consequently rank the universities via PCA. Whilst these variables are quality indicators, unlike QSWUR which assigns weights to these variables, this paper is interested in their joint contribution to quality in a multivariate sense. We do so by applying PCA, that is, investigating correlations between variables and further obtaining an overall measure by collapsing these correlated variables. We explain PCA in the section that follows.

Principal Component Analysis:-

Principal Component Analysis (PCA) is a nonparametric variable reduction technique which seeks to collapse a set of correlated variables into fewer uncorrelated variables as linear combinations of the original values. The extracted fewer variables should account for most of the variation occurring in the originally observed variables such that they can be used to provide summarised measures of quality.

Given a random vector $\mathbf{X} = (X_1, X_2, \dots, X_p)^t$ consisting of p random variables, having covariance matrix Σ and eigenvalue-eigenvector pairs $(\lambda_1, e_1), (\lambda_2, e_2) \dots, (\lambda_p, e_p)$, where $\lambda_1 \geq \lambda_2 \geq \dots \geq \lambda_p \geq 0$, the i^{th} principal component, say L_i , is defined as $L_i = e_i^t X = e_{i1} X_1 + e_{i2} X_2 + \dots + e_{ip} X_p$ for $i = 1, 2, \dots, p$ where $(e_{i1}, e_{i2}, \dots, e_{ip})$ are the components of eigenvector e_i^t . This presents principal components as linear combinations of the original random variables.

Further, it can be shown that:-

1. If $Y_i = a_i^t X = a_{i1} X_1 + a_{i2} X_2 + \dots + a_{ip} X_p$ is any other linear combination of these original variables, then for the first principal component, $Var(L_1) = \lambda_1 \geq Var(Y_i)$. From this, we observe that the principal components L_i can be used to capture the important signals aggregatedly contained in the original variables X_1, X_2, \dots, X_p .
2. $Cov(L_i, L_j) = 0$ for $i \neq j$. Here we observe that this can be done without redundancy.
3. $\sum_{i=1}^p Var(X_i) = \sum_{i=1}^p Var(L_i)$, thus providing a means of identifying the contribution of each principal component since;

$$\begin{aligned} Total Variance &= Var(X_1) + Var(X_2) + \dots + Var(X_p) \\ &= Var(L_1) + Var(L_2) + \dots + Var(L_p) \\ &= \lambda_1 + \lambda_2 + \dots + \lambda_p \end{aligned}$$

In the event that the first few principal components capture a significant fraction of the total variance, then the new variables can replace the original variables without much loss of information. Standardization is required where variables are measured on different scales. However, in this study our data is standardized since scores for all variables are expressed as a percentage.

Ranking Universities Using First Principal Component Analysis:-

PCA is widely used in various research or statistical sectors. On ranking, (Manage & Scariano, 2013) demonstrated the use of PCA in ranking batsmen and bowlers in the Indian Cricket Premier League.

In this paper we apply PCA to rank world universities. First, university scores for the variables identified in 3.1 were obtained from QS datasets³. We limit our analysis to 398 universities that have a full set of values. Some universities had missing values on some of the variables hence their exclusion from the analysis. For standardization, these

³<http://www.iu.qs.com/>

values were already converted into percentage scores by QS. Respective values for the variables discussed in 3.1 were arranged into a (6x1)^t column vector of the form (Academic reputation, Employer reputation, Student to faculty ratio, Citations per faculty, International Faculty ratio, International students ratio) for each of the 398 universities and we refer to these as the quality vectors. In this study, we choose to use the following proxies;—

| Proxy | Variable |
|-------|------------------------------|
| AR | Academic Reputation |
| ER | Employer Reputation |
| SFR | Student to Faculty Ratio |
| CPF | Citations per faculty |
| IFR | International Faculty Ratio |
| ISR | International Students Ratio |

By using SPSS statistical software, a 6X6 correlation matrix is obtained to reflect the inherent correlation structure of these variables. Table 2 presents the correlation structure.

Table 2: Correlation Matrix

| | AR | ER | SFR | CPF | IFR | ISR |
|-------------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Correlation | AR | 1.000 | .693 | .193 | .353 | .092 |
| | ER | .693 | 1.000 | .145 | .192 | .218 |
| | SFR | .193 | .145 | 1.000 | -.056 | .008 |
| | CPF | .353 | .192 | -.056 | 1.000 | .235 |
| | IFR | .092 | .218 | .008 | .235 | 1.000 |
| | ISR | .150 | .298 | .091 | .227 | .662 |
| | | | | | | 1.000 |

We observe in Table 2 that the variables are correlated to each other thus making it plausible to apply the non parametric PCA analysis. Further, in Table 3 we present the ordered eigenvalues and percentage of variability which is attributed to each.

Table 3:- Total Variance Explained

| Component | Initial Eigenvalues | | | Extraction Sums of Squared Loadings | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| | Total | % of Variance | Cumulative % | Total | % of Variance | Cumulative % |
| 1 | 2.288 | 38.137 | 38.137 | 2.288 | 38.137 | 38.137 |
| 2 | 1.347 | 22.448 | 60.585 | 1.347 | 22.448 | 60.585 |
| 3 | 1.030 | 17.167 | 77.752 | 1.030 | 17.167 | 77.752 |
| 4 | .749 | 12.478 | 90.230 | | | |
| 5 | .332 | 5.541 | 95.771 | | | |
| 6 | .254 | 4.229 | 100.000 | | | |
| Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis. | | | | | | |

The results in Table 3 show that about 78% of total variation is explained by the first 3 principal components. Also, the first 3 components are the only ones whose values are greater than one. Accordingly, we provide the eigenvalue eigenvector pairs for these 3 variables and present them in Table 4 below.

Table 4:- Component Matrix^a

| | Component | | |
|---|-----------|-------|-------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| AR | .711 | .582 | -.145 |
| ER | .754 | .415 | -.005 |
| SFR | .221 | .344 | .793 |
| CPF | .534 | -.029 | -.563 |
| IFR | .632 | -.645 | .128 |
| ISR | .692 | -.549 | .218 |
| Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis. A. 3 components extracted. | | | |

In table 5 we proceed to calculate the coefficients of the principal components which we identified in Table 5.

Table 1:- Variable coefficients.

| | <i>Component</i> | | | <i>Coefficients</i> | | |
|-----|------------------|--------|--------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | $1/\sqrt{\lambda_1}$ | $2/\sqrt{\lambda_2}$ | $3/\sqrt{\lambda_3}$ |
| AR | 0.711 | 0.582 | -0.145 | 0.470047331 | 0.501463337 | -0.14287275 |
| ER | 0.754 | 0.415 | -0.005 | 0.498474947 | 0.357572655 | -0.00492665 |
| SFR | 0.221 | 0.344 | -0.793 | 0.146104726 | 0.296397574 | -0.78136612 |
| CPF | 0.534 | -0.029 | -0.563 | 0.353031328 | -0.024987 | -0.55474038 |
| IFR | 0.632 | -0.645 | 0.128 | 0.417820 | -0.555745 | 0.12612215 |
| ISR | 0.692 | -0.549 | 0.218 | 0.457486291 | -0.473030 | 0.21480178 |

Therefore, according to results in **Error! Reference source not found.**, we establish the following linear equations;

$$L_1 = 0.470AR + 0.498ER + 0.146SFR + 0.353CPF + 0.418IFR + 0.457ISR$$

$$L_2 = 0.501AR + 0.358ER + 0.296SFR - 0.024CPF - 0.556IFR - 0.473ISR$$

$$L_3 = -0.143AR - 0.005ER - 0.781SFR - 0.554CPF + 0.126IFR + 0.215ISR$$

Further, for each university we calculate an L value being the total of L_1 , L_2 , and L_3 multiplied by the respective percentages of variation given in **Error! Reference source not found.**, where;

$$L = 0.38137L_1 + 0.22448L_2 + 0.17167L_3. \text{ Also represented as;}$$

$$\begin{aligned} L = & [0.38137 (0.470AR + 0.498ER + 0.146SFR + 0.353CPF + 0.418IFR + 0.457ISR)] \\ & + [0.22448(0.501AR + 0.358ER + 0.296SFR - 0.024CPF - 0.556IFR - 0.473ISR)] \\ & + [0.17167(-0.143AR - 0.005ER - 0.781SFR - 0.554CPF + 0.126IFR + 0.215ISR)] \end{aligned}$$

We conclude the analysis by ranking universities according to their respective L values. The higher the L value, the better the rank. The ranking results are presented in Appendix A.

Results and Discussion:-

In Appendix A we provide PCA ranks against QS ranks. This paper attributes the differences between PCA ranking and QS ranking to the differences in their respective methodologies. As stated earlier on, “ranking systems produce different ranks for the same institution due to methodological differences which stem from selection of indicators (variables), weights, data collection and analysis” (Alma et al., 2016).

Unlike in QS (and other similar methodologies) where the weights of the variables are predetermined⁴, PCA, by first extracting principal components, it establishes a relative scale of weights, not as predetermined but as a result. PCA thus establishes an objective performance scale for ranking. Where weights are pre-determined, the choice of weights is often subjective and arbitrary, with little or no theoretical or empirical basis, hence small changes in the variable weights often alter the results without any tangible change between institutions.

Conclusion:-

Using the case of world universities, this paper has demonstrated how to apply Principal component analysis as a ranking tool. This paper sought not to disqualify other methodologies, but rather, to demonstrate PCA as a valuable ranking methodology. Although re-ranking was performed in this paper, such was only limited to comparing the PCA ranks against the QS ranks only for illustrative purposes. In this paper we therefore conclude that, by considering principal components which account for greatest variations, PCA provides an objective methodology for ranking. We consider PCA to be robust since it does not establish weights a priori, instead, the ranking is based on the principal components which maximize the explanation of the variances.

⁴ AR 40%; ER 10%; SFR 20%; CPF 20%; IFR 5%; ISR 5%.

References:-

- ALMA, B., COŞKUN, E. & ÖVENDIRELİ, E. 2016. University Ranking Systems and Proposal of a Theoretical Framework for Ranking of Turkish Universities: A Case of Management Departments. *Procedia - Social and Behavioral Sciences*, 235, 128-138.
- ALTBACH, P. G. 2012. The Globalization of College and University Rankings. *Change: The Magazine of Higher Learning*, 44, 26-31.
- BERBEGAL-MIRABENT, J. & RIBEIRO-SORIANO, D. E. 2015. Behind league tables and ranking systems: A critical perspective of how university quality is measured. *Journal of Service Theory and Practice*, 25, 242-266.
- BUELA-CASAL, G., GUTIÉRREZ-MARTÍNEZ, O., BERMÚDEZ-SÁNCHEZ, M. P. & VADILLO-MUÑOZ, O. 2007. Comparative study of international academic rankings of universities. *Scientometrics*, 71, 349-365.
- COATES, H. 2007. Universities on the Catwalk: Models for Performance Ranking in Australia. *Higher Education Management and Policy*, 19.
- HOU, A. Y.-C., MORSE, R. & YUEH-JEN, E. S. 2012. Is there a gap between students' preference and university presidents' concern over college ranking indicators?: a case study of "College Navigator in Taiwan". *Higher Education*, 64, 767-787.
- HUANG, M.-H. 2011. A comparison of three major academic rankings for world universities: From a research evaluation perspective. *Journal of Library and Information studies*, 9, 1-25.
- LUKMAN, R., KRAJNC, D. & GLAVIĆ, P. 2010. University ranking using research, educational and environmental indicators. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 18, 619-628.
- OLCAY, G. A. & BULU, M. 2016. Is measuring the knowledge creation of universities possible?: A review of university rankings. *Technological Forecasting and Social Change*.
- SAISANA, M., D'HOMBRES, B. & SALTELLI, A. 2011. Ricketty numbers: Volatility of university rankings and policy implications. *Research Policy*, 40, 165-177.
- SHIN, J. C. 2011. Organizational effectiveness and university rankings. *University Rankings*. Springer.
- SHIN, J. C., TOUTKOUSHIAN, R. K. & TEICHLER, U. 2011. *University rankings: Theoretical basis, methodology and impacts on global higher education*, Springer Science & Business Media.

Appendix:-**Table 2:-** Ranking (**based on unrounded L value). (*rounded off to 1 d.p)

| P C | Institute | S | Q | R | A | E | SF | C on tr | IF | IS | L1 | L2 | L3 | * L |
|--------|--|----|----|------|------|------|------|---------------|------|------|----------|---------|-----------|--------|
| 1 | ETH ZURICH (SWISS FEDERAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY) | 9 | 9 | 99.9 | 100 | 99 | 78.6 | 98.8 | 100 | 95.5 | 229.193 | 4.4323 | -97.2325 | 71.7 |
| 2 | MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY (MIT) | 1 | 1 | 100 | 100 | 99 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 10 | 232.1435 | 12.3285 | -115.1675 | 71.5 |
| 3 | IMPERIAL COLLEGE LONDON | 8 | 8 | 99 | 100 | 99 | 99 | 98.6 | 99 | 10 | 226.9372 | 10.6099 | -102.806 | 71.3 |
| 4 | UCL (UNIVERSITY COLLEGE LONDON) | 7 | 7 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.8 | 99.8 | 98.6 | 99 | 99.9 | 227.6863 | 12.5012 | -107.0318 | 71.3 |
| 5 | UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE | 3= | 3= | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 93.7 | 96.2 | 96.6 | 228.8339 | 14.0722 | -111.9196 | 71.2 |
| 6 | UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD | 6 | 6 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 96.2 | 97.8 | 96.6 | 227.8083 | 13.2978 | -109.0588 | 71.1 |
| 7 | THE UNIVERSITY OF MELBOURNE | 42 | 42 | 99 | 99 | 99 | 99 | 92 | 97 | 97 | 209.1532 | 4.6363 | -59.2974 | 70.6 |
| 8 | NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SINGAPORE (NUS) | 12 | 12 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 78 | 80 | 92 | 222.2876 | 12.1523 | -98.578 | 70.6 |

| | | | | | | | | |
|----|--|--|--|--|----------|----------|-----------|------|
| 9 | THE UNIVERSITY OF SYDNEY | | | | 210.3133 | -2.3007 | -54.1756 | 70.4 |
| 10 | THE UNIVERSITY OF NEW SOUTH WALES (UNSW) | | | | 212.8621 | -6.389 | -54.5726 | 70.4 |
| 11 | UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY (UCB) | | | | 215.5648 | 6.0193 | -77.5267 | 70.3 |
| 12 | AUSTRALIAN NATIONAL UNIVERSITY (ANU) | | | | 221.4327 | 0.6045 | -84.6628 | 70.0 |
| 13 | LONDON SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS AND POLITICAL SCIENCE (LSE) | | | | 218.2688 | -2.7286 | -73.5688 | 70.0 |
| 14 | UNIVERSITY OF EDINBURGH | | | | 217.0124 | 10.4962 | -88.1983 | 70.0 |
| 15 | UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG (HKU) | | | | 214.3413 | 6.1417 | -78.1012 | 69.7 |
| 16 | THE UNIVERSITY OF MANCHESTER | | | | 209.3092 | 14.9536 | -79.5555 | 69.5 |
| 17 | HARVARD UNIVERSITY | | | | 222.9858 | 21.1932 | -118.2792 | 69.5 |
| 18 | NANYANG TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (NTU) | | | | 222.3917 | 8.3955 | -102.7966 | 69.1 |
| 19 | STANFORD UNIVERSITY | | | | 220.6581 | 24.2544 | -119.9045 | 69.0 |
| 20 | MONASH UNIVERSITY | | | | 204.1932 | -10.7326 | -39.4021 | 68.7 |
| 21 | KING'S COLLEGE LONDON (KCL) | | | | 217.7397 | 7.2868 | -94.1066 | 68.5 |
| 22 | UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO | | | | 208.7032 | 10.6496 | -79.3694 | 68.4 |
| 23 | THE UNIVERSITY OF WARWICK | | | | 208.5676 | -0.5251 | -66.0178 | 68.1 |
| 24 | MCGILL UNIVERSITY | | | | 209.4761 | 13.0262 | -85.7809 | 68.1 |
| 25 | THE HONG KONG UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (HKUST) | | | | 217.3314 | -4.0411 | -81.4063 | 68.0 |
| 26 | ECOLE POLYTECHNIQUE FÉDÉRALE DE LAUSANNE (EPFL) | | | | 224.7083 | 0.5703 | -107.2231 | 67.4 |
| 27 | UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO | | | | 208.8771 | 30.6869 | -111.9236 | 67.3 |
| 28 | CORNELL UNIVERSITY | | | | 208.0409 | 22.8433 | -100.7233 | 67.2 |
| 29 | CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY (CALTECH) | | | | 218.0668 | 18.8258 | -118.5362 | 67.0 |
| 30 | YALE UNIVERSITY | | | | 204.0806 | 32.8229 | -106.990 | 66.8 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 31 | THE UNIVERSITY OF QUEENSLAND (UQ) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 32 | COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 33 | UNIVERSITY OF BRISTOL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 34 | UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 35 | THE UNIVERSITY OF AUCKLAND | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 36 | PRINCETON UNIVERSITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 37 | UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 38 | UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES (UCLA) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 39 | DURHAM UNIVERSITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 40 | THE UNIVERSITY OF NOTTINGHAM | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 41 | PEKING UNIVERSITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 42 | ECOLE POLYTECHNIQUE PARISTECH | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 43 | UNIVERSITY OF BIRMINGHAM | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 44 | NEW YORK UNIVERSITY (NYU) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 45 | DELMFT UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 46 | THE CHINESE UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG (CUHK) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 47 | TSINGHUA UNIVERSITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 48 | FUDAN UNIVERSITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 49 | UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50 | CARNEGIE MELLON UNIVERSITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 51 | TECHNISCHE UNIVERSITÄT MÜNCHEN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 52 | JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 53 | UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 54 | LUND UNIVERSITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | |
|----|---|--|--|----------|----------|-----------|------|
| 55 | LUDWIG-MAXIMILIANS-UNIVERSITÄT MÜNCHEN | | | 161.1471 | 44.6982 | -69.0742 | 59.6 |
| 56 | UNIVERSITY OF LEEDS | | | 176.8719 | 12.211 | -62.541 | 59.5 |
| 57 | SEOUL NATIONAL UNIVERSITY (SNU) | | | 162.707 | 74.8144 | -113.2516 | 59.4 |
| 58 | ECOLE NORMALE SUPÉRIEURE, PARIS (ENS PARIS) | | | 191.1106 | 27.9548 | -115.6166 | 59.3 |
| 59 | UNIVERSITY OF AMSTERDAM | | | 172.8264 | 36.4327 | -86.2587 | 59.3 |
| 60 | THE UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO | | | 154.9192 | 88.1063 | -117.5735 | 58.7 |
| 61 | THE UNIVERSITY OF SHEFFIELD | | | 184.8094 | -3.9286 | -65.4678 | 58.4 |
| 62 | UNIVERSITY OF GLASGOW | | | 186.739 | -7.1619 | -67.5826 | 58.0 |
| 63 | PURDUE UNIVERSITY | | | 182.9932 | -11.4943 | -53.7633 | 58.0 |
| 64 | THE UNIVERSITY OF ADELAIDE | | | 182.7721 | -22.364 | -40.9749 | 57.6 |
| 65 | TRINITY COLLEGE DUBLIN (TCD) | | | 185.3352 | -9.0725 | -64.2154 | 57.6 |
| 66 | KYOTO UNIVERSITY | | | 151.2581 | 90.7513 | -121.028 | 57.3 |
| 67 | UNIVERSIDAD DE BUENOS AIRES | | | 134.2925 | 66.5803 | -51.7392 | 57.3 |
| 68 | DUKE UNIVERSITY | | | 164.7412 | 70.473 | -125.2074 | 57.2 |
| 69 | SHANGHAI JIAO TONG UNIVERSITY | | | 159.4847 | 48.6337 | -85.0781 | 57.1 |
| 70 | KATHOLIEKE UNIVERSITEIT LEUVEN | | | 168.8042 | 11.7044 | -57.5866 | 57.1 |
| 71 | UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN | | | 150.0415 | 56.2561 | -75.6528 | 56.9 |
| 72 | RUPRECHT-KARLS-UNIVERSITÄT HEIDELBERG | | | 159.5167 | 42.8821 | -79.6018 | 56.8 |
| 73 | UNIVERSITÉ DE MONTRÉAL | | | 173.7659 | -10.1506 | -43.4674 | 56.5 |
| 74 | NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY | | | 168.1979 | 60.0565 | -124.4565 | 56.3 |
| 75 | RHEINISCH-WESTFÄLISCHE TECHNISCHE HOCHSCHULE AACHEN | | | 145.0007 | 40.6746 | -50.2734 | 55.8 |
| 76 | HUMBOLDT-UNIVERSITÄT ZU BERLIN | | | 144.4605 | 30.8166 | -39.704 | 55.2 |
| 77 | GEORGIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY (GEORGIA TECH) | | | 158.0516 | 35.2741 | -77.145 | 55.0 |
| 78 | THE UNIVERSITY OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA | | | 175.9367 | -12.9725 | -54.6758 | 54.8 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|--|--|--|----------|----------|-----------|------|--|--|--|--|
| | (UWA) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 79 | UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA | | | 175.431 | -9.5672 | -58.0944 | 54.8 | | | | |
| 80 | UNIVERSITÉ PARIS 1 PANTHÉON-SORBONNE | | | 125.7456 | 30.4252 | -2.2748 | 54.4 | | | | |
| 81 | UNIVERSITY OF BATH | | | 177.2181 | -25.9347 | -44.38 | 54.1 | | | | |
| 82 | BOSTON UNIVERSITY | | | 152.0613 | 45.7884 | -82.6793 | 54.1 | | | | |
| 83 | UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO (UCSD) | | | 157.1389 | 54.6702 | -105.8345 | 54.0 | | | | |
| 84 | UNIVERSITY OF ST ANDREWS | | | 192.3322 | -22.1748 | -84.6266 | 53.8 | | | | |
| 85 | UNIVERSITÄT WIEN | | | 164.1756 | -24.4151 | -22.9644 | 53.2 | | | | |
| 86 | UNIVERSITY OF COPENHAGEN | | | 157.58 | 37.8155 | -89.7559 | 53.2 | | | | |
| 87 | KAIST - KOREA ADVANCED INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY | | | 151.8921 | 72.3769 | -122.5648 | 53.1 | | | | |
| 88 | BROWN UNIVERSITY | | | 170.8812 | 29.6073 | -108.9344 | 53.1 | | | | |
| 89 | UNIVERSIDADE DE SÃO PAULO (USP) | | | 116.5384 | 82.0333 | -57.4618 | 53.0 | | | | |
| 90 | UNIVERSITY OF WATERLOO | | | 168.9867 | -18.0707 | -43.7 | 52.9 | | | | |
| 91 | UNIVERSITY OF ZURICH | | | 169.2846 | 5.9577 | -76.3316 | 52.8 | | | | |
| 92 | FREIE UNIVERSITÄT BERLIN | | | 149.6647 | 14.3085 | -43.6897 | 52.8 | | | | |
| 93 | UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHAMPTON | | | 179.2008 | -12.6686 | -74.6646 | 52.7 | | | | |
| 94 | PONTIFICIA UNIVERSIDAD CATÓLICA DE CHILE | | | 113.756 | 77.2293 | -47.0033 | 52.7 | | | | |
| 95 | KIT, KARLSRUHER INSTITUT FÜR TECHNOLOGIE | | | 159.6592 | 35.2602 | -94.5933 | 52.6 | | | | |
| 96 | KTH, ROYAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY | | | 169.4961 | 11.9915 | -86.517 | 52.5 | | | | |
| 97 | UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY, SYDNEY (UTS) | | | 166.3757 | -36.5212 | -16.2243 | 52.5 | | | | |
| 98 | UNIVERSITY OF YORK | | | 174.7581 | -14.3688 | -64.2784 | 52.4 | | | | |
| 99 | NATIONAL TAIWAN UNIVERSITY (NTU) | | | 138.8327 | 66.2002 | -90.6679 | 52.2 | | | | |
| 100 | TOKYO INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY | | | 148.3255 | 68.9027 | -115.4936 | 52.2 | | | | |
| 1 | LANCASTER UNIVERSITY | | | 179.8609 | -30.3747 | -57.5012 | 51.9 | | | | |

| | | | | | |
|-----|--|----------|----------|-----------|------|
| 102 | UPPSALA UNIVERSITY | 148.9842 | 27.1479 | -64.9815 | 51.8 |
| 103 | UNIVERSITÉ PARIS-SORBONNE (PARIS IV) | 120.7217 | 32.412 | -10.5928 | 51.5 |
| 104 | UNIVERSITÉ CATHOLIQUE DE LOUVAIN (UCL) | 152.2919 | 5.1463 | -45.0913 | 51.5 |
| 105 | UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL AUTÓNOMA DE MÉXICO (UNAM) | 108.0111 | 85.7801 | -53.0676 | 51.3 |
| 106 | ERASMUS UNIVERSITY ROTTERDAM | 162.9624 | 8.443 | -74.0577 | 51.3 |
| 107 | UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS (UCD) | 158.4276 | 14.7233 | -73.9638 | 51.0 |
| 108 | CITY UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG | 189.743 | -24.1501 | -93.2461 | 50.9 |
| 109 | CARDIFF UNIVERSITY | 164.3691 | -3.7145 | -64.0062 | 50.9 |
| 110 | POLITECNICO DI MILANO | 138.6754 | 22.5714 | -41.409 | 50.8 |
| 111 | OSAKA UNIVERSITY | 136.5584 | 81.1309 | -113.4992 | 50.8 |
| 112 | UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON | 150.8982 | 49.0259 | -103.9699 | 50.7 |
| 113 | PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIVERSITY | 138.4508 | 48.314 | -75.4293 | 50.7 |
| 114 | THE HONG KONG POLYTECHNIC UNIVERSITY | 172.8877 | -25.8209 | -55.8015 | 50.6 |
| 115 | LOMONOSOV MOSCOW STATE UNIVERSITY | 129.4015 | 66.6987 | -81.2154 | 50.4 |
| 116 | UNIVERSITY OF EXETER | 168.1384 | -23.5517 | -50.0187 | 50.2 |
| 117 | UNIVERSIDAD DE CHILE | 105.7545 | 67.6248 | -31.8893 | 50.0 |
| 118 | UNIVERSITY OF GRONINGEN | 172.4852 | -18.0713 | -68.0835 | 50.0 |
| 119 | TECHNISCHE UNIVERSITÄT BERLIN | 135.246 | 26.9158 | -44.5797 | 50.0 |
| 120 | SUNGKYUNKWAN UNIVERSITY | 130.9003 | 70.6077 | -93.8636 | 49.7 |
| 121 | UNIVERSITY COLLEGE DUBLIN (UCD) | 160.4522 | -13.3819 | -49.9927 | 49.6 |
| 122 | KOREA UNIVERSITY | 133.0234 | 62.73 | -89.0894 | 49.5 |
| 123 | RMIT UNIVERSITY | 153.8836 | -34.6752 | -8.1212 | 49.5 |
| 124 | YONSEI UNIVERSITY | 129.1142 | 69.8941 | -90.1091 | 49.5 |
| 125 | QUEEN MARY, UNIVERSITY OF LONDON (QMUL) | 175.01 | -28.3155 | -64.2315 | 49.4 |
| 126 | WASEDA UNIVERSITY | 119.1 | 39.1349 | -32.1387 | 48.7 |
| 127 | UNIVERSITY OF LIVERPOOL | 163.551 | -16.6822 | -58.0171 | 48.7 |

| | | | | | | | |
|----|---|--|--|----------|----------|----------|------|
| 12 | ZHEJIANG UNIVERSITY | | | 129.7648 | 59.2369 | -82.391 | 48.6 |
| 8 | UTRECHT UNIVERSITY | | | 143.4156 | 37.0562 | -84.5793 | 48.5 |
| 12 | OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY | | | 153.0472 | 10.9736 | -72.2065 | 48.4 |
| 9 | AARHUS UNIVERSITY | | | 153.34 | 9.467 | -71.0363 | 48.4 |
| 1 | UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA | | | 147.2564 | 15.0357 | -66.0731 | 48.2 |
| 13 | UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON | | | 137.3329 | 56.3465 | -98.103 | 48.2 |
| 13 | NEWCASTLE UNIVERSITY | | | 163.8372 | -20.2694 | -57.0804 | 48.1 |
| 3 | UNIVERSITY OF READING | | | 166.5894 | -26.9418 | -55.1785 | 48.0 |
| 2 | UNIVERSITY OF ABERDEEN | | | 171.0585 | -29.2762 | -62.4276 | 47.9 |
| 13 | UNIVERSITÉ LIBRE DE BRUXELLES (ULB) | | | 156.6448 | -36.4079 | -22.3008 | 47.7 |
| 13 | UNIVERSITY OF ST GALLEN (HSG) | | | 164.2664 | -58.8427 | -10.7774 | 47.6 |
| 5 | CENTRALESUPÉLEC | | | 153.2404 | 20.8487 | -91.2396 | 47.5 |
| 3 | TECHNISCHE UNIVERSITÄT WIEN | | | 157.175 | -25.9196 | -39.0461 | 47.4 |
| 13 | UNIVERSITAT DE BARCELONA (UB) | | | 111.5469 | 62.989 | -54.4725 | 47.3 |
| 4 | CHALMERS UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY | | | 156.6291 | 9.9138 | -86.3012 | 47.1 |
| 5 | LEIDEN UNIVERSITY | | | 141.6851 | 27.242 | -79.935 | 46.4 |
| 6 | TOHOKU UNIVERSITY | | | 127.4824 | 78.2886 | -116.474 | 46.2 |
| 7 | UNIVERSIDAD COMPLUTENSE DE MADRID (UCM) | | | 103.9126 | 55.3019 | -34.1174 | 46.2 |
| 8 | MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY | | | 142.108 | 1.3012 | -48.8555 | 46.1 |
| 9 | UNIVERSITY OF GENEVA | | | 176.5109 | -38.8488 | -72.8447 | 46.1 |
| 0 | CITY UNIVERSITY LONDON | | | 155.2623 | -48.704 | -13.2737 | 46.0 |
| 1 | MACQUARIE UNIVERSITY | | | 154.8627 | -42.7675 | -21.6263 | 45.7 |
| 1 | TECNOLÓGICO DE MONTERREY (ITESM) | | | 135.4455 | 7.3955 | -44.1178 | 45.7 |
| 1 | AMERICAN UNIVERSITY OF BEIRUT (AUB) | | | 150.0007 | -24.5449 | -35.2953 | 45.6 |
| 2 | MAASTRICHT UNIVERSITY | | | 168.9989 | -36.834 | -61.6971 | 45.6 |
| 3 | UNIVERSITY OF CAPE TOWN | | | 139.9562 | 1.8416 | -47.836 | 45.6 |

| | | | | | | | |
|------|--|--|--|----------|----------|----------|------|
| 45.5 | UNIVERSITY OF OTAGO | | | 153.9538 | -28.6553 | -39.4929 | 45.5 |
| 45.4 | OXFORD BROOKES UNIVERSITY | | | 135.5997 | -21.5819 | -8.4846 | 45.4 |
| 45.0 | QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY OF BELFAST | | | 160.8139 | -39.2681 | -43.5657 | 45.0 |
| 45.0 | UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL DE COLOMBIA | | | 91.4826 | 63.2646 | -23.7585 | 45.0 |
| 45.0 | UNIVERSITY OF CALGARY | | | 141.3772 | -9.1834 | -39.9356 | 45.0 |
| 44.9 | UNIVERSITY OF BASEL | | | 170.1091 | -42.1196 | -60.8796 | 45.0 |
| 44.2 | TECHNISCHE UNIVERSITÄT DARMSTADT | | | 142.287 | -9.3823 | -42.1102 | 44.9 |
| 44.2 | UNIVERSITY OF HELSINKI | | | 130.1634 | 51.9099 | -95.833 | 44.8 |
| 44.7 | TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY | | | 117.9841 | 48.4156 | -65.0835 | 44.7 |
| 44.2 | UNIVERSITY OF WOLLONGONG | | | 154.4955 | -36.9253 | -37.3691 | 44.2 |
| 44.2 | MCMASTER UNIVERSITY | | | 148.5963 | -4.5021 | -66.6969 | 44.2 |
| 44.2 | UNIVERSITI MALAYA (UM) | | | 148.5833 | -2.6977 | -69.0522 | 44.2 |
| 44.2 | UNIVERSIDADE ESTADUAL DE CAMPINAS (UNICAMP) | | | 103.6423 | 63.8402 | -56.2714 | 44.2 |
| 44.2 | QUEENSLAND UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY (QUT) | | | 139.5625 | -24.0289 | -21.2153 | 44.2 |
| 44.1 | NANJING UNIVERSITY | | | 127.0688 | 40.1282 | -78.0403 | 44.1 |
| 44.1 | WESTERN UNIVERSITY | | | 152.2164 | -27.8498 | -45.0216 | 44.1 |
| 43.8 | SCIENCES PO PARIS | | | 142.6823 | -7.8502 | -51.6037 | 43.8 |
| 43.7 | UNIVERSITÉ PIERRE ET MARIE CURIE (UPMC) | | | 135.901 | 17.1069 | -69.7204 | 43.7 |
| 43.6 | UNIVERSITÀ DI BOLOGNA (UNIBO) | | | 98.2818 | 56.8081 | -38.445 | 43.6 |
| 43.6 | VICTORIA UNIVERSITY OF WELLINGTON | | | 147.0846 | -35.8629 | -25.9249 | 43.6 |
| 43.5 | UNIVERSIDAD DE LOS ANDES COLOMBIA | | | 97.8066 | 50.1046 | -29.1856 | 43.5 |
| 42.9 | UNIVERSITY OF LAUSANNE | | | 156.2808 | -17.5139 | -74.5167 | 42.9 |
| 42.7 | UNIVERSITÉ PARIS DAUPHINE | | | 122.6334 | -10.4836 | -10.2572 | 42.7 |
| 42.6 | INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY BOMBAY (IITB) | | | 102.8325 | 65.6726 | -66.37 | 42.6 |
| 42.6 | LOUGHBOROUGH UNIVERSITY | | | 145.1765 | -24.349 | -42.741 | 42.6 |
| 42.6 | UNIVERSITY OF STRATHCLYDE | | | 144.9529 | -29.211 | -35.892 | 42.6 |
| 42.5 | UNIVERSITY OF CANTERBURY | | | 147.0773 | -32.508 | -36.5196 | 42.5 |

| | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| 18 1 18 2 | UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY | 120.816 134.0245 | 41.4359 -2.5449 | -75.8417 -47.8294 | 42. 4 3 3 |
| 18 1 18 3 | UNIVERSITÄT FRANKFURT AM MAIN UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA (UCSB) | 109.5959 137.5735 | 27.6837 -2.5769 | -35.9273 -58.5378 | 41. 8 8 8 |
| 18 1 18 4 | VU UNIVERSITY AMSTERDAM UNIVERSIDAD AUTÓNOMA DE MADRID | 119.3768 103.6963 | 33.0422 58.1464 | -67.5245 -65.9103 | 41. 4 3 |
| 18 1 18 5 | KEIO UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, IRVINE (UCI) | 95.3721 141.128 | 67.5376 135.4861 | -59.9066 -11.8488 | 41. 2 2 2 |
| 18 1 18 6 | UNIVERSITY OF OSLO SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY | 155.5645 93.117 | -57.7243 164.0816 | -30.6487 -22.0221 | 41. 1 0 0 |
| 18 1 18 7 | SAPIENZA - UNIVERSITÀ DI ROMA TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF DENMARK | 128.0327 108.3958 | 49.5491 119.9744 | -37.8362 -97.1924 | 40. 9 9 |
| 18 1 18 8 | UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA, CHAPEL HILL INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY DELHI (IITD) | 124.0016 122.1128 | 37.6636 109.9814 | -90.9536 -51.4783 | 40. 1 2 |
| 18 1 18 9 | UNIVERSITY OF GHENT GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY | 135.6558 137.6654 | 40.4917 113.3722 | -85.5439 -57.2101 | 40. 2 0 |
| 18 1 19 0 | KYUSHU UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF NEWCASTLE | 109.9814 109.6674 | 65.3946 64.9128 | -97.4132 -98.1459 | 39. 9 7 |
| 19 2 19 1 | VRIJE UNIVERSITEIT BRUSSEL (VUB) NAGOYA UNIVERSITY | 137.6654 113.3722 | -4.4606 61.1944 | -69.0961 -101.270 | 39. 6 7 |
| 19 2 19 2 | HOKKAIDO UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITAT AUTÓNOMA DE BARCELONA | 105.952 134.4784 | 36.7225 -18.1924 | -53.0725 -44.7699 | 39. 5 5 |
| 19 2 19 3 | COLLEGE CORK (UCC) UNIVERSITÄT FREIBURG | 130.2157 108.4913 | 12.7317 10.7047 | -75.8351 -25.3028 | 39. 5 4 |
| 19 2 19 4 | UNIVERSITÄT MANNHEIM | 108.4913 | 10.7047 | -25.3028 | 39. 4 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|-------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|----------------------------------|--------------------|--|------------------|------------------|--|--------------------|----------|---------|----------|----------|
| 20 7 | 20 8 | 20 9 | 21 0 | 21 1 | 21 2 | 214 3 | 215 6 | 21 7 | 21 8 | 21 9 | 22 0 | 22 1 | 22 2 | 224 3 | 22 5 | 22 6 | 227 7 | 22 8 | 22 9 | 23 0 | 23 1 | 23 2 | 23 3 | | | | | |
| UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHICAGO (UIC) | UNIVERSITÄT HAMBURG | CURTIN UNIVERSITY | HERIOT-WATT UNIVERSITY | UNIVERSITY OF SUSSEX | AALTO UNIVERSITY | UNIVERSITY OF SURREY | POHANG UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (POSTECH) | EINDHOVEN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY | UNIVERSITÄT INNSBRUCK | DEAKIN UNIVERSITY | STOCKHOLM UNIVERSITY | UNIVERSITÄT STUTTGART | CHULALONGKORN UNIVERSITY | UNIVERSIDAD DE NAVARRA | WAGENINGEN UNIVERSITY | UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH AUSTRALIA (UNISA) | KING FAHD UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM & MINERALS (KFUPM) | NATIONAL TSING HUA UNIVERSITY | HANYANG UNIVERSITY | SOAS - SCHOOL OF ORIENTAL AND AFRICAN STUDIES, UNIVERSITY OF LONDON | ASTON UNIVERSITY | UNIVERSITÄT KÖLN | EBERHARD KARLS UNIVERSITÄT TÜBINGEN | UNIVERSITY OF BERN | 130.9174 | -2.4653 | -58.6017 | 39. 3 |
| 104.7303 | 138.8032 | 148.0153 | 156.4497 | 138.0898 | 148.1271 | 133.8734 | 145.3078 | 138.4836 | 128.9373 | 98.345 | 117.2054 | 85.2915 | 106.7764 | 135.0624 | 144.9605 | 118.6051 | 116.2011 | 139.7686 | 140.397 | 93.3723 | 112.1512 | 146.6484 | -46.6253 | 39. 3 | | | | |
| 32.7643 | -42.8604 | -58.7384 | -56.7569 | 11.7904 | -51.8089 | 46.0587 | 5.3841 | -54.5629 | -38.3138 | 53.3152 | 9.2294 | 54.8476 | 37.8536 | -36.4948 | -29.5201 | 27.8403 | 33.3795 | -53.6908 | -59.5719 | 29.1146 | 32.8801 | -26.3377 | -46.6253 | 39. 3 | | | | |
| -42.8604 | -58.7384 | -56.7569 | -47.2984 | -97.1675 | -36.4506 | - | - | -105.378 8 | -13.2554 | -65.7739 | -50.4493 | -39.5258 | -65.7026 | -32.6368 | -46.4431 | -81.2274 | -84.7388 | -23.3005 | -17.7532 | -29.4277 | -76.1013 | -76.1184 | -58.6017 | 38. 8 | | | | |
| -23.6196 | -23.6129 | 38. 2 | 38. 8 | 38. 6 | 38. 6 | 38. 5 | 38. 5 | -12.1576 | -13.2554 | -65.7739 | -50.4493 | -39.5258 | -65.7026 | -32.6368 | -46.4431 | -81.2274 | -84.7388 | -23.3005 | -17.7532 | -29.4277 | -76.1013 | -76.1184 | 38. 9 | | | | | |

| | | | | | |
|----|--|----------|----------|-----------|------|
| 23 | AMERICAN UNIVERSITY IN CAIRO | 109.7642 | 2.9423 | -33.0485 | 36.8 |
| 23 | UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND, COLLEGE PARK | 120.0683 | 30.5874 | -93.3453 | 36.6 |
| 23 | INDIANA UNIVERSITY BLOOMINGTON | 95.9096 | 32.5104 | -42.6478 | 36.6 |
| 23 | CHARLES UNIVERSITY | 96.4728 | 30.1604 | -41.2367 | 36.5 |
| 23 | DARTMOUTH COLLEGE | 120.2468 | 39.6221 | -108.2196 | 36.2 |
| 23 | ROYAL HOLLOWAY UNIVERSITY OF LONDON | 151.2565 | -62.8323 | -43.3126 | 36.1 |
| 23 | GRIFFITH UNIVERSITY | 130.2993 | -46.4714 | -18.5029 | 36.1 |
| 23 | GEORG-AUGUST-UNIVERSITÄT GÖTTINGEN | 110.1201 | 28.6959 | -72.2608 | 36.0 |
| 23 | POLITECNICO DI TORINO | 97.2123 | 40.7951 | -59.6505 | 36.0 |
| 23 | WESTFÄLISCHE WILHELMS-UNIVERSITÄT MÜNSTER | 122.1548 | -12.5567 | -45.3664 | 36.0 |
| 23 | NORWEGIAN UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY | 108.19 | 61.8576 | -111.6609 | 36.0 |
| 23 | UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY OF CHINA | 121.1663 | 17.5092 | -83.534 | 35.8 |
| 23 | UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA | 145.6277 | -36.1228 | -68.1599 | 35.7 |
| 23 | UNIVERSITY OF TWENTE | 106.0523 | 1.9353 | -30.2439 | 35.7 |
| 23 | UNIVERSITÉ DE STRASBOURG | 157.0764 | -34.0074 | -98.7414 | 35.3 |
| 23 | RICE UNIVERSITY | 134.7674 | -54.394 | -22.6642 | 35.3 |
| 23 | UNIVERSITY OF WAIKATO | 117.777 | 1.1143 | -57.7668 | 35.2 |
| 23 | ÉCOLE DES PONTS PARISTECH | 140.1945 | -41.8757 | -51.6184 | 35.2 |
| 23 | UNIVERSITY OF LEICESTER | 129.358 | -60.492 | -4.3215 | 35.0 |
| 23 | LA TROBE UNIVERSITY | 107.9579 | 13.7643 | -54.376 | 34.9 |
| 23 | BEIJING NORMAL UNIVERSITY | 107.016 | 23.5545 | -66.6635 | 34.7 |
| 23 | TEL AVIV UNIVERSITY | 123.029 | -21.4078 | -45.1705 | 34.4 |
| 23 | BOSTON COLLEGE | 111.8213 | -16.2276 | -27.5629 | 34.3 |
| 23 | AALBORG UNIVERSITY | 108.6249 | 35.3156 | -88.3219 | 34.2 |
| 23 | UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO AT BOULDER | 17 | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 34. | 1 | 34.1 | 34.1 | 34.1 | 34.1 | 34.1 | 34.1 | 34.1 | 34.1 | 34.1 | 34.1 | 34.1 | 34.1 | 34.1 | 34.1 | 34.1 | 34.1 | 34.1 | 34.1 |
| UNIVERSITY OF WARSAW | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| INSTITUT NATIONAL DES SCIENCES APPLIQUÉES DE LYON (INSA) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BRUNEL UNIVERSITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY IN ST. LOUIS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| UNIVERSITY OF ESSEX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RHEINISCHE FRIEDRICH-WILHELMUS-UNIVERSITÄT BONN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| UNIVERSITY OF OTTAWA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| UNIVERSIDAD CARLOS III DE MADRID | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RADBOUD UNIVERSITY NIJMEGEN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AMERICAN UNIVERSITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TECHNION - ISRAEL OF TECHNOLOGY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| UNIVERSITY OF EAST ANGLIA (UEA) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TILBURG UNIVERSITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WUHAN UNIVERSITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| UNIVERSITY OF GOTHENBURG | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE (UCR) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY MADRAS (IITM) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| UNIVERSITY OF INDONESIA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MASSEY UNIVERSITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HEBREW UNIVERSITY OF JERUSALEM | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF IRELAND, GALWAY (NUIG) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--|----------------------|--|--|--------------------------|--|---------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|
| 28 1 | 28 2 | 28 3 | 284 | 28 5 | 28 6 | 287 | 28 8 | 28 9 | 29 0 | 29 1 | 29 2 | 29 3 | 29 4 | 29 5 | 296 | 29 7 | 29 8 | 299 | 30 0 | 30 1 | 30 2 | 30 3 | 30 4 | 30 5 | |
| GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY | NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY | UNIVERSITY OF TURKU | UNIVERSITY PITTSBURGH OF | UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO | UNIVERSITY OF ANTWERP | UNIVERSITY MASSACHUSETTS, AMHERST | UNIVERSITY OF THE WITWATERSRAND | UNIVERSITY OF KENT | KING SAUD UNIVERSITY (KSU) | DUBLIN CITY UNIVERSITY (DCU) | KING ABDUL AZIZ UNIVERSITY (KAU) | UNIVERSITY OF TSUKUBA | UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA | KYUNG HEE UNIVERSITY | INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY KANPUR (IITK) | LINKÖPING UNIVERSITY | BIRKBECK COLLEGE, UNIVERSITY OF LONDON | INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY KHARAGPUR (IITKGPR) | UNIVERSITAT POMPEU FABRA | UNIVERSITI KEBANGSAAN MALAYSIA (Lukman et al.) | UNIVERSITI SAINS MALAYSIA (USM) | LAVAL UNIVERSITY | UNIVERSIDADE NOVA DE LISBOA | ECOLE NORMALE SUPÉRIEURE DE LYON | |
| 94.6509 | 112.8772 | 94.1611 | 121.4374 | 79.0022 | 114.9042 | 94.4913 | 106.2591 | 113.185 | 116.7697 | 120.3316 | 92.365 | 95.3091 | 90.8955 | 81.5618 | 95.8112 | 135.9898 | 86.3595 | 110.0544 | 98.2411 | 88.5504 | 103.0584 | 90.4073 | 103.1426 | 19.7073 | -41.9354 |
| 13.6072 | -22.6012 | 46.5033 | 14.156 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 32.0 | |
| -35.6729 | 85.2089 | 31.7 | -103.9412 | -39.6902 | 31.4 | -76.7336 | 31.4 | -58.5211 | -21.7811 | 31.2 | -1.9429 | -67.5106 | -16.9534 | -32.0616 | -31.2 | -31.7447 | -36.5274 | -36.2203 | -78.3698 | -40.201 | -78.3698 | -23.2784 | -64.7774 | -67.0275 | 30.5 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|----------|----------|----------|------|
| 30 | 30 | 30 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | NATIONAL CHIAO TUNG UNIVERSITY | 124.1786 | -11.5634 | -89.9074 | 29.3 |
| 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | BEN GURION UNIVERSITY OF THE NEGEV | 123.5152 | -36.4908 | -56.4387 | 29.2 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | UNIVERSITI PUTRA MALAYSIA (UPM) | 95.9854 | -4.4517 | -37.5698 | 29.2 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | NATIONAL CHENG KUNG UNIVERSITY | 95.885 | 24.7088 | -75.8343 | 29.1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | HONG KONG BAPTIST UNIVERSITY (HKBU) | 132.5416 | -62.0697 | -44.019 | 29.1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | NATIONAL TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF ATHENS | 76.7549 | 38.9935 | -52.2665 | 29.1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | SUN YAT-SEN UNIVERSITY | 90.4511 | 13.4 | -49.6325 | 29.0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MALAYSIA (UTM) | 110.0644 | -20.8014 | -49.197 | 28.9 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | STELLENBOSCH UNIVERSITY | 101.2204 | -6.4182 | -48.4377 | 28.8 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | UNIVERSITÀ DI PISA | 67.8969 | 36.7734 | -31.3438 | 28.8 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | UNIVERSITÄT ERLANGEN-NÜRNBERG | 98.0231 | 2.7396 | -54.3528 | 28.7 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | UNIVERSITY OF LIEGE | 106.0835 | -2.436 | -66.4911 | 28.5 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | UNIVERSIDAD AUSTRAL | 74.6353 | 57.1707 | -74.8472 | 28.4 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | RUTGERS - THE STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW JERSEY, NEW BRUNSWICK | 89.0723 | 18.8427 | -56.8118 | 28.4 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | DALHOUSIE UNIVERSITY | 125.2496 | -54.5946 | -41.4298 | 28.4 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIVERSITY | 96.7715 | 0.9663 | -52.6163 | 28.1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | TONGJI UNIVERSITY | 89.0059 | 10.3591 | -48.5635 | 27.9 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | UNIVERSITÉ JOSEPH FOURIER - GRENOBLE 1 | 94.9003 | 14.0465 | -66.528 | 27.9 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | UNIVERSITÉ PARIS DIDEROT - PARIS 7 | 93.7922 | -4.9788 | -39.3182 | 27.9 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | UNIVERSITAT POLITÈCNICA CATALUNYA | 83.5179 | 29.8489 | -62.1245 | 27.9 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | DE | 112.4637 | 3.7114 | -92.4609 | 27.9 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | UNIVERSITY OF BERGEN | 76.6268 | 54.4353 | -79.1894 | 27.8 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | SAINT-PETERSBURG STATE UNIVERSITY | 65.3832 | 44.4462 | -41.3784 | 27.8 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | UNIVERSIDADE FEDERAL DO RIO DE JANEIRO | 77.8604 | 32.689 | -54.2814 | 27.7 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | UNIVERSITY OF PORTO | 98.9473 | 7.6073 | -69.1147 | 27.6 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | UNIVERSITÉ PARIS-SUD 11 | 114.7073 | -55.3882 | -22.0892 | 27.5 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | UNIVERSITY OF TASMANIA | 37 | | | |

| | | | | | | |
|----|--|----------|----------|-----------|----------|------|
| 33 | UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN DENMARK | | 104.6889 | -26.4937 | -37.7967 | 27.5 |
| 33 | AL-FARABI KAZAKH NATIONAL UNIVERSITY | 79.9388 | 41.2896 | -71.7167 | 27.4 | |
| 4 | UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI PADOVA (UNIPD) | 66.4881 | 44.3165 | -46.0741 | 27.4 | |
| 33 | UNIVERSITY OF VICTORIA | 113.2622 | -41.3604 | -39.1125 | 27.2 | |
| 33 | EMORY UNIVERSITY | 115.3668 | 6.3524 | -106.8134 | 27.1 | |
| 33 | BRANDEIS UNIVERSITY | 100.3017 | -15.451 | -45.4082 | 27.0 | |
| 4 | VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE (VIRGINIA TECH) | 83.2176 | 18.613 | -52.5528 | 26.9 | |
| 33 | UNIVERSITY OF DUNDEE | 118.8642 | -38.6165 | -57.142 | 26.9 | |
| 33 | UNIVERSITY OF COIMBRA | 78.8789 | 15.7803 | -40.6031 | 26.7 | |
| 33 | UNIVERSITÉ DE MONTPELLIER | 78.5028 | 11.8333 | -35.3068 | 26.5 | |
| 33 | BILKENT UNIVERSITY | 85.2872 | 4.0493 | -40.3577 | 26.5 | |
| 33 | UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, SANTA CRUZ (UCSC) | 102.7164 | -10.4717 | -60.3076 | 26.5 | |
| 33 | UNIVERSITÉ AIX-MARSEILLE | 72.0823 | 17.8199 | -30.384 | 26.3 | |
| 33 | LEIBNIZ UNIVERSITÄT HANNOVER | 88.2549 | 4.0929 | -48.3961 | 26.3 | |
| 33 | UNIVERSITÄT BREMEN | 84.5624 | 7.1164 | -46.6868 | 25.8 | |
| 33 | JAMES COOK UNIVERSITY (JCU) | 107.7024 | -40.4245 | -36.64 | 25.7 | |
| 33 | UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER | 112.2803 | -3.4315 | -95.2659 | 25.7 | |
| 33 | NOVOSIBIRSK STATE UNIVERSITY | 79.0489 | 33.0611 | -69.3685 | 25.7 | |
| 33 | BAUMAN MOSCOW STATE TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY | 66.3607 | 62.6409 | -80.9786 | 25.5 | |
| 33 | UNIVERSITÄT KONSTANZ | 91.6506 | -7.8208 | -46.0377 | 25.3 | |
| 33 | UNIVERSITY AT BUFFALO SUNY | 112.701 | -51.0467 | -36.577 | 25.2 | |
| 33 | JOHANNES GUTENBERG UNIVERSITÄT MAINZ | 81.5142 | 7.096 | -45.5784 | 24.9 | |
| 33 | WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY | 88.2053 | -7.7212 | -41.2112 | 24.8 | |
| 33 | NANKAI UNIVERSITY | 80.2879 | 32.0241 | -77.4629 | 24.5 | |
| 33 | NATIONAL TAIWAN NORMAL UNIVERSITY | 78.4458 | 7.4932 | -41.9711 | 24.4 | |
| 33 | XI'AN JIAOTONG UNIVERSITY | 74.6295 | 34.6059 | -69.8316 | 24.2 | |

| | | | | | |
|----|--|----------|----------|-----------|------|
| 35 | UNIVERSITÄT LEIPZIG | 77.2234 | 5.9927 | -39.3787 | 24.0 |
| 35 | TUFTS UNIVERSITY | 99.2158 | 3.5512 | -85.0713 | 24.0 |
| 35 | UNIVERSITY OF STIRLING | 107.1046 | -46.0669 | -41.655 | 23.4 |
| 35 | UNIVERSITÉ PARIS DESCARTES | 77.4411 | 3.7778 | -43.0693 | 23.0 |
| 35 | HARBIN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY | 84.7941 | 18.6932 | -79.4427 | 22.9 |
| 35 | MAHIDOL UNIVERSITY | 63.9116 | 49.3055 | -74.1412 | 22.7 |
| 35 | SWANSEA UNIVERSITY | 100.169 | -39.0871 | -39.2785 | 22.7 |
| 35 | IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY | 80.1341 | 3.0063 | -50.8591 | 22.5 |
| 35 | NATIONAL TAIWAN UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY | 85.6436 | 20.0844 | -86.0875 | 22.4 |
| 35 | MOSCOW STATE INSTITUTE OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS – MGIMO UNIVERSITY | 69.7414 | 32.976 | -70.0023 | 22.0 |
| 35 | LINCOLN UNIVERSITY | 112.1762 | -55.6158 | -49.0823 | 21.9 |
| 35 | KOBE UNIVERSITY | 63.64 | 36.8325 | -63.9378 | 21.6 |
| 35 | UNIVERSITY OF IOWA | 76.2132 | 15.5441 | -65.2537 | 21.4 |
| 35 | CASE WESTERN RESERVE UNIVERSITY | 102.4719 | -4.7462 | -98.2319 | 21.2 |
| 35 | STONY BROOK UNIVERSITY | 87.2336 | -16.0862 | -50.8027 | 20.9 |
| 35 | RENSSELAER POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE | 87.6957 | -5.3175 | -66.4253 | 20.8 |
| 35 | UNIVERSITY OF CONNECTICUT | 94.6212 | -32.5114 | -47.0872 | 20.7 |
| 35 | UNIVERSITY OF MIAMI | 80.0613 | 24.0749 | -89.5695 | 20.6 |
| 35 | VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY | 75.0938 | 40.9034 | -102.0496 | 20.3 |
| 35 | TAMPERE UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY | 88.4513 | -6.2434 | -71.3183 | 20.1 |
| 35 | EWHA WOMANS UNIVERSITY | 67.4491 | 29.9129 | -72.9506 | 19.9 |
| 35 | UMEÅ UNIVERSITY | 70.9962 | 25.0344 | -80.1627 | 18.9 |
| 35 | BEIHANG UNIVERSITY | 62.2767 | 35.2748 | -74.9118 | 18.8 |
| 35 | UNIVERSITY OF TARTU | 61.4174 | 25.8568 | -62.3416 | 18.5 |
| 35 | UNIVERSITÉ PAUL SABATIER TOULOUSE III | 60.0761 | 19.3712 | -51.6767 | 18.4 |

| | | | | | |
|----|--|---------|----------|-----------|------|
| 38 | UNIVERSITY OF JYVÄSKYLÄ | 70.7257 | 21.1653 | -80.397 | 17.9 |
| 4 | UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII AT MĀNOA | 84.4945 | -11.2055 | -68.7202 | 17.9 |
| 5 | UNIVERSITY OF OULU | 70.0312 | 12.7021 | -69.3 | 17.7 |
| 6 | UNIVERSITY OF EASTERN FINLAND | 73.9552 | 10.1723 | -75.2533 | 17.6 |
| 7 | UNIVERSITÄT JENA | 64.4596 | 19.561 | -66.6335 | 17.5 |
| 8 | UNIVERSITY OF UTAH | 76.0084 | -0.6799 | -66.6005 | 17.4 |
| 9 | NATIONAL SUN YAT-SEN UNIVERSITY | 66.2774 | 11.1819 | -61.2612 | 17.3 |
| 0 | ECOLE NORMALE SUPÉRIEURE DE CACHAN | 74.0163 | 17.7628 | -90.0325 | 16.8 |
| 1 | L.N. GUMILYOV EURASIAN NATIONAL UNIVERSITY | 58.2588 | 35.1249 | -77.9309 | 16.7 |
| 2 | NATIONAL CENTRAL UNIVERSITY | 63.5365 | 14.2321 | -62.5141 | 16.7 |
| 3 | UNIVERSITY OF KANSAS | 64.6253 | 14.3612 | -72.5858 | 15.4 |
| 4 | UNIVERSITÄT ULM | 82.9293 | -8.5543 | -83.4981 | 15.4 |
| 5 | HIROSHIMA UNIVERSITY | 54.9227 | 31.5509 | -81.9297 | 14.0 |
| 6 | NATIONAL YANG MING UNIVERSITY | 56.7079 | 32.6285 | -102.0628 | 11.4 |
| 7 | TOKYO MEDICAL AND DENTAL UNIVERSITY | 49.4394 | 29.81 | -95.224 | 9.2 |
| 8 | YESHIVA UNIVERSITY | 52.454 | 22.9001 | -108.4288 | 6.5 |
| 9 | | 338= | 39 | | |
| 0 | | 38 | 38 | | |
| 1 | | 39 | 39 | | |
| 2 | | 39 | 39 | | |
| 3 | | 39 | 39 | | |
| 4 | | 39 | 39 | | |
| 5 | | 396 | 396 | | |
| 6 | | 397 | 398 | | |
| 7 | | 398 | 398 | | |