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RESEARCH ARTICLE

THE MAIN ASPECTS AND FEATURES OF CIVIL-LAW REGULATION OF CALCULATIONS IN AGRICULTURE

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Abstract

At the moment, when it was not eliminated and still appear unfavorable conditions of the global financial and economic crisis in many developed and developing countries, the ongoing reforms to promote a stable and efficient economy in our country, provide the basis for sustainable economic development of Uzbekistan today.

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In the years of independence, deep structural changes in the economy, providing income growth, enhance effective trade and investment processes, agricultural reform, the legal system was created, aimed at strengthening the economy of farms, sustainable development of small business, private entrepreneurship and family business in the national economy. As a result, the banking and financial system of the country, as a stable system, ensures a consistent steady growth in prestige and status of the Uzbek economy in the international economic arena.

Regulation of accounting relations between corporations and individuals in agriculture include them in the objects of civil, banking and finance, insurance and labor law.

Main aspect of civil legal settlement in agriculture is the implementation of monetary fulfillment of the obligations in the calculations, the definition of measures to ensure obligations under settlement relations.

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Introduction

At the present time, when there is not eliminated and still appear unfavorable conditions of the global financial and economic crisis in many developed and developing countries implemented reforms to promote a stable and efficient economy in our country, provide the basis for sustainable economic development in Uzbekistan today.

With the implementation in the years of independence of profound structural changes in the economy, providing income growth, enhance the effectiveness of foreign trade and investment processes, agricultural reform, has created a legal system aimed at strengthening the economy of farms, sustainable development of small business, private entrepreneurship and family business in the national economy. As a result, the banking and financial system, acting as a stable banking and financial system, ensures a consistent steady growth of authority and status of Uzbekistan's economy in the international economic arena.

"At the beginning of reforms such authoritative international financial institutions like the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund, a separate note of the need for strict monetary policy, but the main part of the products in the Republic of industrial production was mainly due not to the production of the final product, creating value-added tax and the production and primary processing of raw material source. In addition, the attachment to the import of energy resources and grain production of the country, weakened her to external factors and did not provide

the balance of payments". "I do not provide sufficient financial resources investment projects are considered one of the main reasons for not making payments. The payment does not begin with the construction of the complex and spread to other areas of industrial production"².

"Another industry is not the payment begins with agriculture. Its feature requires quite a lot of money to start farming. Usually their income comes after the completion of the agricultural year. Not providing preliminary means of agricultural production leads to a reduction in the volume of products or to conduct agricultural work with debts to suppliers of fuel, raw materials and seeds. Thus, pre-provision of means of agriculture requires the presence of commercial banks in the financial products in the form of loans or final agricultural production before the agricultural.³

As noted in Report of the President of Uzbekistan Islam Karimov at the enlarged meeting of the Cabinet of Ministers dedicated to the socio-economic development in 2015 and the most important priorities of economic program for 2016⁴ that "The profound structural changes taking place in agriculture. Through hard work and skill of farmers and farmers in spite of the difficult weather conditions in the country grown and harvested a rich crop of agricultural products - produced more than 7.5 million tons of grain, more than 3 million 350 thousand tons of cotton. produced high yields due to the intensification of agricultural production, improve the selection and implementation of recognized varieties of cotton and grain crops, the development of modern agricultural technologies. The average yield of wheat in the country reached 55 quintals per hectare, and in some areas it was 60-77 quintals per hectare, which is a great achievement of our farmers.

In addition, the rapidly developing sectors of agriculture such as horticulture, horticulture, viticulture and cattle breeding. Last year, grown 12.592 million tons of vegetables, including potatoes, 1.85 million tonnes of melons, 1.556 million tons of grapes, 2.731 million tons of fruit."

In our opinion, the decision at the state level issue uniform unfunded agricultural production, together with the provision of serving agriculture businesses possibility of a sharp decrease in the situation of insolvency for their services will lead to the timely payment of wages in that sector and reduce payments owed. As a result, the organization based on the interests of private owners and entrepreneurs calculation issues in agriculture, will provide the basis for the formation of private property in this area.

Research area:-

Based on the agreement in agriculture calculations: first, provide monetary obligations of the parties in the agricultural relations, and secondly, ensure compliance with the debt settlement by agricultural entities defined in the legislation and treaties, and thirdly, through the calculation determines the flow of social labor required when agricultural production, fourthly, determines the cost of agricultural products produced on farms, fifth, enter into contractual relations with enterprises (organizations or individuals) purchasers for processing or marketing of agricultural products, based on the definition of fertility assigned to the farm farming land and social labor expended for grown agricultural products, as well as material and technical resources used in the production of agricultural products, Sixth, determine through the income statement of economic entities in agriculture and agribusiness development stages, seventh, determined through calculations of material damage caused by industrial and contractual relations, eighth, require the validity of a careful calculation of issues to ensure the participation of farmers as the subject property in the banking, credit and insurance relationships.

As we know, the global financial and economic crisis has created problems in the banking systems of countries that rely on external borrowing, and the world's major economists recognize that these crises are the result: ineffective control of financial markets; not ensure organic connection of financial market development and its control system; issue cheap loans by financial institutions and not at the proper level of public authorities its control; no organization

¹ G. Saidova "The main objectives of macroeconomic policy," "Market, money and credit", 1998 number 2 p.20

² See the same o.p 21

³ G. Saidova "The main objectives of macroeconomic policy," "Market, money and credit", 1998 number 2 p.21

⁴ Report of the President of Uzbekistan Islam Karimov at the enlarged meeting of the Cabinet of Ministers dedicated to the socio-economic development in 2015 and the most important priorities of economic program for 2016, 16.01.2016, http://www.press-service.uz/ru/news/report/

in accordance with the requirements of civil, financial and banking legislation in the national monitoring system of financial and banking system and large financial institutions; entry into the global financial market national financial institutions without having to integration into the international market economy based on elaborate calculations concept.

By increasing the efficiency of regulation of agricultural subjects, improving standards relating to the settlement of civil law is an objective necessity of general agricultural development.

When adjusting the settlement of civil rights exhibits the following aspects: First, more accurately highlights the specificity of agriculture, stands out as a separate complex; Second, is the formation and development of the area of the complex law as a legal form of impersonation and a strengthening of agricultural policy; Third, the civil law is a legal basis for the formation of the law and, in turn, consists of the legislative activity of the state, as well as improved depending on the nature and content of legislation and civil law; Fourth, as a branch of civil law embodies the institutions of the banking law, business law, farmers' rights, small business and private entrepreneurship, as well as forms and develops market relations in agriculture; Fifth, regardless of the form of management and ownership, strengthen management and organization of economic relations and ensure enforcement of property and financial obligations; Sixth, creates conditions for the development of private property on the basis of small business and entrepreneurship in this area; Seventh, along with other areas of law provides outsourcing and domestic investment in agriculture and their effective use; Eighth, based on the acceleration of works on modernization in the field contributes to the formation of new economic structures and multi-farms, creating jobs and developing import-substituting and export-oriented food processing, as well as ensures the competitiveness of agricultural products.

In order to improve mechanisms to protect the rights and interests of settlement relations agricultural entities, based on the study of the legislation of foreign countries in this sphere disclosure important aspect as the protection of the rights and interests of settlement entities engaged in business in agriculture, is the development of multi-activity farms.

By studying the basic structural features of non-cash settlement system in agriculture, regulating the function of money as means of payment, provides a mechanism for civil-law regulation of settlement forms and use as a universal legal means.

Implementation of the legal order of the system of cooperation, providing for the establishment of legal conditions, guarantees and economic benefits, providing agricultural production, processing and trafficking of goods sold at bargain prices, ensures the development of foreign trade activities in agriculture.

Development of a simplified legal, economic, financial mechanism, making investments of foreign entrepreneurs (entrepreneurs), providing for the adaptation of agriculture of our republic the world economy. To this end, foreign nationals (non-residents) for conducting activities as an owner in the agriculture of Uzbekistan, to create more opportunities in the legal, property and tax relations.

To release the financial difficulties in agriculture to create in line with market demands relations of production, and to develop legal solutions that provide increased liquidity regulatory standards and agricultural entities on the basis of the latest results of pay.

Improvement of internal and external investment environment in agriculture. Strengthening involvement in this field of foreign and private investment; provision of business activity sphere of external economic relations; the creation of new modern jobs in rural areas; acceleration of agricultural products and the formation of the transition to the production of finished products; creating opportunities for involvement in the field of new equipment and advanced technologies developed countries; elimination of unemployment in rural areas; boost in its cash-commodity relations; transformation of the national currency in the prestigious currency; Support of the transformation of property in goods and commodities into money.

One of the features of the civil law settlements in agriculture is an exercise in cash fulfillment of the obligations in the calculations, the second feature, the definition in the form of money and measures to ensure commitments at the design relationships, the third feature, payment transactions are governed by legal standards adopted by the Central Bank of the Republic Uzbekistan within the framework laid down by the legislation of powers, the fourth feature in

all calculated for commercial banks participating in the credit institution to serve the customer, the fifth feature, the question of covering damage or sanction of the caused damage resulting from improper fulfillment or non-fulfillment of the hollow defined in the contract conditions of the parties on settlement relations, is also carried out in cash in accordance with the law and the contract, the sixth feature of settlements in the timing and amount of specific contract, means the fulfillment of obligations, compliance with contractual discipline and the completion of the contractual relationship.

Improve and strengthen a civil point of view calculations in agriculture, firstly, creates an opportunity for civil circulation in the area, and secondly, the organization based on the principles of the market economy calculations in agriculture, is the elimination of the problem of unemployment in agriculture, Thirdly, the conclusion is based on thorough calculations contracts in agriculture, provides fulfillment of contractual obligations and the strengthening of contractual discipline, fourth, has a positive effect on specific problems in the evaluation cost of goods manufactured in the agricultural regions of products, as well as settlements, in-fifth, the seasonal nature of the agricultural economy also requires registration and settlement relations in the organization, Sixth, the development of sound proposals and conclusions from the study of settlement of legal relations in agriculture, is the development of civil law.

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