



# International Journal of Advanced Research

## Publisher's Name: Jana Publication and Research LLP

www.journalijar.com

### REVIEWER'S REPORT

Manuscript No.: IJAR-50416	Date: 24/2/2025
Manuscript No., 10/111-30-10	Datc. 27/2/2020

#### Title:

Atrogenic Gastric Perforation in an 18-Month-Old Infant: A Case Report

Recommendation:	Rating	Excel.	Good	Fair	Poor
Accept as it is	Originality		Good		
Accept after minor revision	Techn. Quality		Good		
Accept after major revision	Clarity		Good		
	Significance		Good		_
	_				

Reviewer Name: Dr.Sumathi • Date: 24/2/2025

## Reviewer's Comment for Publication.

(To be published with the manuscript in the journal)

The reviewer is requested to provide a brief comment (3-4 lines) highlighting the significance, strengths, or key insights of the manuscript. This comment will be Displayed in the journal publication alongside with the reviewers name.

Iatrogenic gastric perforation is a rare but serious complication that can occur during an endoscopic procedure. It can be life- threatening and requires immediate medical care.

ISSN: 2320-5407

# International Journal of Advanced Research

Publisher's Name: Jana Publication and Research LLP

www.journalijar.com

### REVIEWER'S REPORT

# Detailed Reviewer's Report

- 1. Iatrogenic gastric perforation means a hole or tear in the stomach wall that was unintentionally caused by a medical peocedure, essentially meaning a perforation of the stomach that was accidentally created by a doctor during a medical intervention, like an endoscopy or surgery.
- 2. Iatrogenic meaning doctor induced or caused by medical treatment.
- 3. An infant is a young child, usually considered to be from birth to one year old. The term cam also refer to juveniles of other organisms.
- 4. A nasogastric tube is a thin, flexible tube inserted through the nose, down the throat, and into the stomach.
- 5. Laparotomy is a surgical procedure that involves making an incision in the abdomen to gain access to the abdominal organs.
- 6. Hypovolemic shock is a life threatening emergency that occurs when the body loses a critical amount of blood or fluids, preventing the heart from pumping enough blood.
- 7. It can lead to organ failure and death if left untreated. Causes rapid blood loss from trauma, internal bleeding, or severe GI bleeding disorders.
- 8. Significant fluid loss dehydration, burns, severe vomiting or diarrhea.
- 9. This research findings are very essential in medical area.
- 10. Looks like very short information. Research topics are very good. But given only theoretical points.
- 11. There is no tables with results.
- 12. Can be given flow charts of research points.
- 13. References should be in alphabetical order.
- 14. There is no summary points. Can be included.
- 15. Can be continued to explore more about this research.
- 16. After minor corrections can be published in your journal.