ISSN: 2320-5407



International Journal of Advanced Research

Publisher's Name: Jana Publication and Research LLP

www.journalijar.com

REVIEWER'S REPORT

Manuscript No.: IJAR-50309 Date: 19-02-2025

Title: STUDY OF CLINICAL PROFILE AND OCULAR CHANGES OF PATIENTS HAVING PREGNANCY INDUCED HYPERTENSION IN A TERTIARY CARE RURAL HOSPITAL

Recommendation:	Rating	Excel.	Good	Fair	Poor
Accept as it isYES	Originality				
Accept after minor revision	Techn. Quality				
Do not accept (Reasons below)	Clarity		$\sqrt{}$		
	Significance				

Reviewer's Name: Dr Aamina

Reviewer's Decision about Paper: Recommended for Publication.

Comments (Use additional pages, if required)

Reviewer's Comment / Report

Review Report

Summary: The study presents an in-depth analysis of the clinical profile and ocular manifestations in patients with pregnancy-induced hypertension (PIH) at a tertiary care rural hospital. It effectively categorizes PIH into mild pre-eclampsia, severe pre-eclampsia, and eclampsia while examining ocular changes in affected individuals. The research is supported by relevant statistical analysis and comparisons with existing literature.

Strengths:

- 1. **Relevance and Significance:** The study highlights the critical relationship between PIH and ocular changes, emphasizing the need for ophthalmological screening in PIH patients.
- 2. **Methodology:** A well-structured hospital-based, descriptive cross-sectional study design was employed, including a clearly defined inclusion and exclusion criteria.
- 3. **Data Presentation:** Tables and graphs are effectively used to illustrate age-wise distribution, gravida classification, and ocular changes among PIH patients.

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- 4. **Comparative Analysis:** The study aligns its findings with previous research, strengthening its credibility.
- 5. **Clinical Implications:** The results underscore the importance of early diagnosis and timely intervention in preventing vision-related complications in PIH patients.

Areas for Improvement:

1. Introduction:

- The introduction is informative but could benefit from a more structured breakdown of the current gaps in knowledge and how this study fills them.
- Consider mentioning how the study's findings could influence clinical practices in rural settings.

2. Methodology:

- o The methodology is well-explained, but additional details about the statistical methods used (such as the significance level in chi-square tests) would enhance clarity.
- o Information on potential biases and how they were mitigated would improve the robustness of the study.

3. **Results:**

- While the results section is comprehensive, discussing possible reasons for variations in the findings compared to previous studies would provide a deeper insight.
- o A brief explanation of why the age group 28-32 years had the highest incidence of ocular changes would be beneficial.

4. Discussion:

- o The discussion successfully correlates findings with existing studies; however, a more detailed analysis of the pathophysiology linking PIH and ocular changes would add depth.
- Addressing potential limitations, such as sample size constraints or the exclusion of
 patients with pre-existing hypertension, would strengthen the credibility of the study.

5. Conclusion:

 The conclusion effectively summarizes the study, but emphasizing specific recommendations for clinical practice and future research directions would enhance its impact.