1 A Study to Assess the Effectiveness of Pomegranate Juice on Blood Pressure Among 2 **Hypertensive Patients Admitted in Selected Hospitals** 3 4 **Keywords:** 5 Hypertension, Cardiovascular disease, Diabetes, Vascular complications, Blood pressure, Cardiac output, Arterial distension, Lifestyle changes, Medicinal 6 7 interventions, Balanced diet. 8 9 10 **Abstract** The uncontrolled lifestyle is a significant contributor to various diseases, including 11 12 hypertension, which is a major risk factor for cardiovascular diseases. The prevalence of 13 hypertension is notably higher in individuals with diabetes, and a significant portion of hypertensive patients develop diabetes later. This coexistence increases the risk of vascular 14 15 complications. However, hypertension is a manageable condition that can be controlled through medicinal interventions, exercises, and a balanced diet. Blood pressure, defined as 16 17 the pressure exerted on arterial walls during ventricular systole and diastole, is influenced by 18 factors such as cardiac output, arterial distension, and the volume, velocity, and viscosity of 19 blood. 20 21 INTRODUCTION 22 Today, the uncontrolled way of life is the root cause of all sorts of miseries and many ill-fated 23 diseases to mankind. There are many diseases occurring because of changes in lifestyle 24 pattern and one among them is hypertension. Hypertension is important risk factors for 25 cardiovascular disease. The prevalence of hypertension is 1.5-2.0 times more in those with diabetes, whereas almost one-third of the patients with hypertension develop diabetes later. 26 27 This coexistence presents an increased risk and can accelerate vascular complications. 28 Hypertension is manageable health condition and can be controlled by medicinal 29 interventions, exercises, and balanced diet. Blood pressure is defined as the pressure exerted 30 on the walls of the arteries during ventricular systole and diastole. It is affected by factors 31 such as cardiac output; distension of the arteries; and the volume, velocity and viscosity of 32 the blood. 33 34 **NEED FOR STUDY** 35 Today, life has become so stressful that there is hardly any man who is not suffering any kind 36 of disease. Long working hours, unhealthy food habit, insufficient rest and sleep, tension and 37 stress, all leads to different health problems. High blood pressure is ranked as the third most 38 important risk factor for attributable burden of disease in South Asia (2010). Hypertension

(HTN) exerts a substantial public health burden on cardiovascular health status and

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40 healthcare systems in India. The world Health Organization (WHO) estimates that 80percent of the world population presently uses herbal medicine for some aspect of primary health 41 care. The nutritional analysis of Pomegranate juice showed that the juice contains: fibre-42 7grams, protein 3 grams, 4 vitamin C- 30%, Vitamin K- 36%, Folate- 16%, Potassium 12% in 43 44 one cup many vitamins and minerals which helps in reducing blood pressure. The 45 pharmacological studies revealed that the plant possessed antioxidant, anti-inflammatory, fight with prostate cancer, breast cancer, Lower blood pressure, help fight with joint pain, 46 47 Fungal & bacterial infection and many other effects. This Concludes that the chemical 48 constituents, nutritional, pharmacological, and therapeutic effects of Pomegranate can be 49 utilized in medical practice as a result of its safety and effectiveness.5 A study conducted in 50 UK on effects of pomegranate juice supplementation on pulse wave velocity and blood pressure in healthy young and middle- aged men and woman. The sample size was 51 51 participants (30-50 years). Participants consumed 330ml/day of pomegranate juice or control 52 drink for 4weeks. Measurements were made at baseline and at four weeks. There was no 53 54 effect of the intervention on pulse wave velocity, there was a significant fall in systolic blood pressure and diastolic blood pressure and mean arterial pressure. The fall in BP was not 55 56 paralleled by changes in concentration of serum angiotensin converting enzyme. It was 57 concluded that pomegranate juice supplementation has benefits for BP in the short term, but 58 has no effect on Pulse wave velocity.6 The theme for world health day (WHD) 2013 was to reduce heart attacks and strokes. Keeping in line with the WHO Government of India 59 60 Country Cooperation Strategy, the WHD 2013 events in India were aimed at raising the awareness amongst national policymakers, program managers and other stakeholders on the 61 need to strengthen the Indian health system to make it competent enough to respond to 62 hypertension and related comorbidities. 5 During his clinical experience period the 63 64 investigator came across a large number of patients, as well as several of his relatives and neighbours suffering with hypertension. Estimation of 50% of patients discontinue the 65 medication within 1 year of beginning to take them, the reason for non-compliance being not 66 thoroughly understanding the significance of hypertension and its complications or dangerous 67 effects; unable to afford cost of medication; negligence and forgetfulness etc. This made the 68 69 investigator think of offering such clients an easier way of compliance, that is through 70 consumption of a fruit juice like pomegranate juice which is tasty, costeffective, easily 71 available & effective in reducing hypertension. The investigator felt that explaining the 72 potentially good effects of pomegranate juice would not only convenience the subjects of its 73 effects on hypertension, but also encourage subjects. to continue to comply simultaneously 74 with antihypertensive medication which hopefully could be decreased later.

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OBJECTIVES

- 1. To assess the existing blood pressure levels among hypertensive patients in control and experimental group admitted in selected hospitals.
- 79 2. To evaluate effectiveness of pomegranate juice on blood pressure levels admitted in selected hospitals.
- 3. To compare the pre-test and post-test scores of intervention on blood pressure among experimental groups.

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HYPOTHESIS

- 85 H0: There will be no significant effect of pomegranate juice on blood pressure among
- 86 hypertensive patients of experimental group admitted in selected hospitals.
- 87 H1: There will be significant effect of pomegranate juice on blood pressure among
- 88 hypertensive patients of experimental group admitted in selected hospitals.

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CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK

- 91 For the present study conceptual framework Based on Modified Widenbach's
- 92 Helping Art Clinical Nursing Theory (1969)

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DATA GATHERING PROCESS

- Data gathering means information that is systematically collected in the course of the study. Before the actual data collection, the investigator had completed the following formalities.
- 1. Requisition letter for conducting research study and brief details of study weresent to the selected hospitals under the study.
- 2. Before initiating the research, permission was obtained from the concernedauthorities of the hospital.
- 3. The data collection was done. 40 subjects were selected using non-probability purposive sampling. These subjects were selected on the bases of inclusion and

exclusion criteria and they were randomly assigned to the control group and experimental group.

The investigator explained the brief details of the study to the subjects and written informed consent were taken and confidentiality was assured to all the hypertensive subjects to get their cooperation throughout the process of data collection.

After sorting the subjects in both experimental group and control group respectively, demographic data was collected from both the groups. In the experimental group 200ml pomegranate juice was administered immediately after pre-test in the morning for 5 days.

Observation was done 5th day by using WHO recommended blood pressure category.

Routine treatment was administered to the subjects in control group.

RESULT

The analysis of the demographic data of the study samples gave an idea about the general characteristics of the hypertensive patients admitted in selected hospitals.

The following are the major findings of the study.

125 SECTION- I

126		DEMOGRAPHIC DATA – HYPERTENSIVE PATIENTS
127	1.	According to age, in the control group,1(20%) were between 40-55years of
128		age, (40%) were between 56-70 years of age, 1 (20%) were 71-85 years of
129		age, and1(20%) were between 86 and above years of age.
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131		In the experimental group, 1(20%) were between 40-55years of age, 3 (60%)
132		were between 56-70years of age and 1(20%) were between 86- above years
133		of age.
134	2.	Gender- wise distribution in the control group were 2(40%) males and 3(60%)
135		females.
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137		In the experimental group 1(20%) were males and 4(80%) were females.
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139	3.	According to parent/s with history of hypertension, in control group, 1 (20%)
140		had paternal history of hypertension, 1 (20%) had maternal history of
141		hypertension and 3 (60%) did not have any family history of hypertension.
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143		whereas in experimental group, 1 (20%) had paternal history of hypertension,
144		2 (40%) had maternal history of hypertension and 2 (40%) did not have any
145		family history of hypertension.
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147	4.	Type of diet in the study showed4 (80%) were vegetarians and 1(20%) were
148		mixed diet in the control group.

150	whereas there were in the experimental group, 2 (40%) were vegetarian and 3
151	(60%) were mixed diet.
152	5. According to weight, in control group, 3 (60%) weighed 40-50kg, 1 (20%)
153	weighed 51-60kg and 1 (20%) weighed 71-80kg.
154	In experimental group, 1 (20%) weighed 40-50kg, 3 (60%) weighed 51-60kg
155	and1 (20%) weighed 71-80kg.
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157	SECTION -II
158	Analysis of data findings related to the effectiveness of pomegranate juice on
159	blood pressure among hypertensive patients admitted in selected hospitals.
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161	Assessment of systolic blood pressure of experimental groups in terms of
162	means average
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164	Experimental Group
165	The mean pre-test Systolic Blood Pressure was 168.5 with standard deviation
166	±8.75 and mean post-test Systolic Blood Pressure was 118 with standard deviation ±
167	6.15.
168	The test statistics value of the paired t test was 22.80 with p value 0.0001.
169	The mean pre- test diastolic blood pressure was 99.5 with standard deviation
170	±7.59 and the mean post- test diastolic blood pressure was 79.5 with standard
171	deviation ±6.04.

172	The test statistics value of the paired t test was 11.25 with p value 0.0001.
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174	SECTION -III
175	Analysis of data findings related to comparison of blood pressure among
176	hypertensive patients of control and experimental group.
177	Systolic blood pressure – experimental & control group
178	the mean post-test Systolic Blood Pressure of control group was 143.5 with
179	standard deviation \pm 7.45 whereas the mean post-test Systolic Blood Pressure of
180	experimental group was 118 with standard deviation± 6.15
181	The test statistics value of the unpaired t test was 11.79 with p value 0.00.
182	Here p value less than 0.05, shows there was significant difference in the Systolic
183	Blood Pressure of the experimental and control group.
184	Diastolic blood pressure- control & experimental group
185	The mean post-test Diastolic Blood Pressure of control group was 87 with
186	standard deviation \pm 7.32 whereas the mean post-test Diastolic Blood Pressure of
187	experimental group was 79 with standard deviation \pm 6.04
188	The test statistics value of the unpaired t test was 3.53 with p value 0.00.
189	Here p value less than 0.05, shows there was significant difference in the Diastolic
190	Blood Pressure of the experimental and control group.
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192	RECOMMENDATIONS

On the basis of findings and the experiences while conducting the study the following recommendation are offered for further research

- The same study can be replicated using large sample.
- Effectiveness of pomegranate juice can be compared with other complementary therapies to find its effectiveness.
- A similar study can be conducted for longer duration.
- The same study can be conducted in different settings.

CONCLUSION

The study concluded that the alternative treatment of hypertensive is to use non pharmacological therapy. pomegranate is a natural fruit which has active and efficacious compounds to lower blood pressure. It is cost effective, easy, simple and palliative. The sample who consumed pomegranate juice felt it was tasty and made difference in blood pressure. The researcher suggests to health workers in health centres to improve non pharmacological management of pomegranate juice as complementary therapy in patients with hypertension. Thus, pomegranate juice was effective in reducing blood pressure in hypertensive patients.